## **Flex Therapist CEUs**

## Patellofemoral Pain Syndrome and Role of PT

1. According to the physiotherapists, most NHS patients get knee pain because of overuse.
A. True B. False
2. Which of the following muscle characteristics increase with functional exercises?
A. Strength B. Flexibility
C. Both (A) and (B) D. None of the above
D. None of the above
3. According to NWW physiotherapists, patients with PFPS do not comply with the prescribed exercises.
A. Athletic B. Non-athletic
C. Both (A) and (B)
D. None of the above
4. Which category of education do participants believe physiotherapy performs by supporting patients with PFPS and listening to their problems?
A. Psychological effect
<ul><li>B. Knowledge and reassurance</li><li>C. Self-managing</li></ul>
D. All of the above
5. Which of the following seemed to help patients decrease their pain level?
<ul><li>A. Explanation about the cause of the painful knee.</li><li>B. Explanation about what the patient can do about the painful knee.</li></ul>
<ul><li>C. Reassurance that their painful knee is not a major problem and that surgery is not required.</li><li>D. All of the above.</li></ul>

- 6. Which of the following is an important outcome of patient education, making it easier for patients to deal with their condition so that it causes them less distress and disability?
- A. Psychological effect
- B. Knowledge and reassurance
- C. Self-managing
- D. All of the above
- 7. Apart from the three education categories, patients' education should also include the important of specific exercises in PFPS treatment.
- A. True
- B. False
- 8. PFPS physiotherapy treatment works through:
- A. Lower limb strength and flexibility improvement.
- B. Improving quality of movement and restoration of function.
- C. Both (A) and (B).
- D. None of the above.

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